

Pratik, Özgün, Anlaşılır, Öğretici

VIP



# İngilizce

Kazanım Sorularından Yeni Nesil Sorulara Geçiş



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## Look and Learn



have / give / throw  
a party



go for a walk



study for an exam



watch movies  
at home



eat out



go to a concert



go shopping



drink something  
at a cafe



meet friends



go to the cinema



just sit and chit—chat



play a video game



join a bicycle race



play sports



have a picnic

## DICTIONARY

**drink something at a cafe:** kafede bir şeyler içmek

**eat out:** dışarıda yemek

**go for a walk:** yürüyüşe çıkmak

**go shopping:** alışverişe gitmek

**go to a concert:** konsere gitmek

**go to the cinema:** sinemaya gitmek

**have / give / throw a party:** parti vermek

**have a picnic:** piknik yapmak

**join a bicycle race:** bisiklet yarışına katılmak

**just sit and chit—chat:** sadece oturmak ve çene çalmak

**meet friends:** arkadaşlarla buluşmak

**play a video game:** video oyunu oynamak

**play sports:** spor yapmak

**study for an exam:** sınava çalışmak

**watch movies at home:** evde film izlemek

### ► Examples:

- We're planning to organize a slumber party for the Saturday night.
- He isn't coming to the tennis match next Monday afternoon.
- Are you doing anything tonight?
- What are you doing this evening?

### ► Time Expressions:

- \* "The Simple Future Tense (Basit Gelecek Zaman)" ile birlikte sıklıkla kullanılan zaman zarflarından bazıları şunlardır:
- **tonight:** bu akşam / bu gece
- **tomorrow:** yarın
- **tomorrow + morning / afternoon / evening:** yarın + sabah / öğleden sonra / akşam
- **this + morning / weekend / Monday, etc.:** bu + sabah / hafta sonu / pazartesi, vb.
- **next + week / month / year / winter / Sunday, etc.:** gelecek + hafta / ay / yıl / kış / pazar, vb.
- **in + an hour + two days / three weeks:** bir saat + iki gün / üç hafta + içinde
- **five minutes / two hours / four days + later:** beş dakika / iki saat / dört gün sonra
- **soon:** yakında

### Asking For Future Plans



- \* Bir davet ya da teklifte bulunmadan önce karşımızdaki kişinin uygun olup olmadığını öğrenmek için sıklıkla kullandığımız bazı soru cümleleri şöyledir:
  - » What are you doing on Sunday? (Pazar günü ne yapacaksın?)
  - » Are you busy this evening? (Bu akşam meşgul müsün?)
  - » Are you doing anything on Saturday night? (Cumartesi akşamı bir şey yapacak mısın?)
  - » Have you got any plans for the weekend? (Hafta sonu için herhangi bir planın var mı?)
  - » Do you have any plans for the morning? (Sabah için herhangi bir planın var mı?)
  - » What are you going to do this afternoon? (Bu öğleden sonra ne yapacaksın?)

### DICTIONARY

**busy:** meşgul, yoğun

**organize:** organize etmek

**plan:** planlamak

**slumber party:** pijama partisi

## EXERCISE - 1

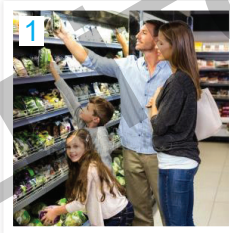
\* Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box. Write the verbs with "be going to".

> watch   > go for a walk   > get married   > meet   > celebrate  
 > have   > invite   > organize   > go for a bike ride   > do

- We ..... a barbecue party in our garden tomorrow evening.
- My cousin ..... next Friday, so I must be with her.
- Mark and I ..... a volleyball tournament on Saturday afternoon.
- I ..... all my friends to my birthday party tonight.
- What ..... you ..... this weekend?
- They ..... in the park tomorrow morning.
- My mother ..... her 45th birthday next Thursday.
- Steve and I ..... a horror movie at my house this evening.
- I ..... some friends for a coffee in town tomorrow.
- James and Molly ..... this afternoon. They like cycling much.

## EXERCISE - 2

\* Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences using the time expressions in brackets into the present continuous tense.



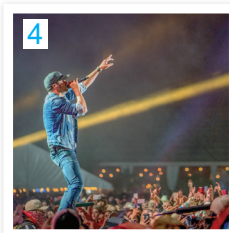
They .....  
(tomorrow)



He .....  
(tonight)



She .....  
(Sunday)



They .....  
(next week)



He .....  
(Saturday morning)



They .....  
(this afternoon)

## [ TEST - 1 ]

1. Mary is my best friend because .....

Complete the sentence with the correct option.

- A) she almost always lies to me
- B) I don't get on well with her
- C) she supports me when I'm in trouble
- D) I have nothing in common with her

2. **Julia:** Hi, Kate.

**Kate:** Hello, Julie. How are you doing?

**Julia:** Great, thanks. Listen. I'm having a tea party on Tuesday afternoon. Would you like to come?

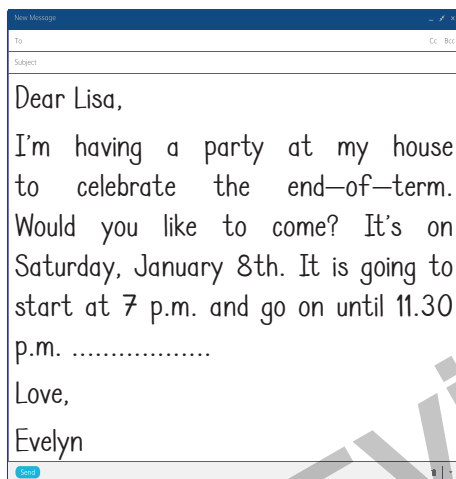
**Kate:** Thanks for inviting me, but I can't make it. I'm going to be out of town for a business meeting on that day.

**Julia:** Okay. Another time, maybe.

Which of the following option can we say according to the dialogue above?

- A) Kate accepts Julia's invitation because she is free on Tuesday.
- B) Kate doesn't give Julia a reason for refusing the invitation.
- C) Kate is going to organize an event on Tuesday, but Julia isn't invited.
- D) Kate refuses Julia's party invitation with an excuse.

3.



Which one is not appropriate for the blank in the e-mail above?

- A) I hope you can make it.
- B) Please join us and enjoy the party.
- C) Cool! I'll be there for sure.
- D) I believe you'll join us.

4. **Mum:** Oh, dear. Do you have any plans on Saturday?

**Wanda:** No, not really. Why?

**Mum:** ..... She really misses us, especially you. You have to be at home that day.

Find the suitable reason to complete the dialogue.

- A) Your grandma is coming round to see us.
- B) Your grandpa is taking your sister to the cinema.
- C) We are celebrating your grandma's sixth birthday.
- D) Your grandparents are taking a short vacation.



17. Mr. Bradley wants to watch his favourite actor's latest movie at the cinema with his family on Sunday. He offers his family members it to buy tickets. Here are their responses:

**Mrs. Bradley:** Sure, why not? I don't have anything better to do.

**Peter:** That would be great, but I have to finish my school assignments.

**Michelle:** I'm so busy that day, but I can't say no, dad.

According to the information above, how many tickets is Mr. Bradley going to buy?

- A) 4      B) 3      C) 2      D) 1

18. **David:** Have you got any plans for tomorrow?

**Shawn:** I have my guitar class in the afternoon, but I am free after that. Why do you ask?

**David:** I want to do something fun. .... We'll have a great time!

**Shawn:** Of course, but do you know where to buy tickets?

Find the correct question for the blank.

- A) Would you like to join and have fun with us?  
 B) How about joining our costume party tonight?  
 C) Why don't you call on me if you aren't busy?  
 D) Shall we go to the fun fair at the town?

19.

Live Chat ✕

**Andy:** Are you free tomorrow? I'm having a barbecue party in my garden. Do you want to come?

**Eric:** Cool! I love barbecues very much. I'll be there for sure.


**Andy:** OK. See you, then.

According to the dialogue above, which one is not correct?

- A) Eric isn't into barbecue parties at all.  
 B) Andy gives a party with Eric in his garden.  
 C) Eric refuses Andy's invitation with an excuse.  
 D) Eric accepts Andy's invitation.


**Çıkış Soru:**

20.




**Marcy**

We have similar interests.




**Lisa**

Tim is always cool.



**Mel**

We have fun together.



**Sam**

He always tells the truth.

**Tim's Best Friends**

According to the information above, who thinks Tim is an honest friend?

- A) Marcy      B) Lisa      C) Mel      D) Sam

## [ TEST – 2 ]

1. **Kimberly:** It's my fifteenth birthday next Thursday, so I'm going to have a party to celebrate it. Would you like to come to my birthday party?

**Selena:** .....

**Kimberly:** OK. See you then.

Which one is Selena's answer according to the dialogue above?

- A) Thanks, but I won't be here then.
- B) I'd love to, but I can't make it.
- C) Sure, it sounds awesome.
- D) Sorry, maybe next time.

► Çıkmış Soru:

2. **Andy:** Our basketball team plays a match this Saturday. The match starts at 2 p.m. Would you like to watch the match with us?

**David:** .....

David accepts Andy's invitation. Which of the following can be David's answer to Andy?

- A) I'm sorry, but I am having a picnic with my friends on Saturday
- B) Oh! It sounds awesome, but I have to study for an exam
- C) I have to finish my project on Saturday, but I'll join you
- D) I'm sorry, but I have another plan on Saturday

3. Rebecca is my deskmate at school, and she is also my true friend. I like being with her because ..... . We have got the same hobbies and interests.

Complete the gap with the best option.

- A) we often lie to each other
- B) we never share our secrets with each other
- C) we don't like spending time with each other
- D) we get on well with each other

4. One of your classmates has an extra ticket for a rock concert and he / she invites you to the concert. You love rock music and want to go with him / her.

What do you say to accept his / her invitation?

- A) Cool! It will be great to come.
- B) I'm sorry, but I can't make it.
- C) I'd love to, but I feel ill.
- D) Thanks for inviting me, but I can't.

5. **Millie:** Are you doing anything tonight?

**Wendy:** No, not at all. Why?

**Millie:** I'm planning to go for a walk after dinner. Would you like to come with me?

**Wendy:** ..... I feel tired. Maybe next time.

Which option completes the dialogue?

- A) I'd love to come.
- B) Sure, it sounds good.
- C) I'd love to, but I can't.
- D) Yeah, that would be great.

## [ THE SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE ]

- \* The Simple Present Tense'in Türkçe karşılığı "**Geniş Zaman**"dır. Düzenli olarak yaptığımız rutin eylemlerden, alışkanlıklarımızdan ve sevdiğimiz ya da sevmediğimiz şeylerden bahsederken bu yapıyı kullanırız. Bunun yanısıra sürekli, genel durumları ifade ederken de bu yapıyı kullanırız.
- \* The Simple Present Tense yapısının kullanım şekilleri şöyledir:

Affirmative Sentences (Olumlu Cümleler)				Negative Sentences (Olumsuz Cümleler)			
I	Verb <sub>1</sub>	Object + Time expression.		I	do not (don't)	Verb <sub>1</sub>	Object + Time expression.
You				You			
We				We			
They				They			
He	Verb <sub>1</sub> + -s -es -ies			He	does not (doesn't)		
She				She			
It				It			

Interrogative Sentences (Soru Cümleleri)				Short Answers (Kısa Cevaplar)	
Do	I you we they he	Verb <sub>1</sub>	Object + Time expression?	Yes, I do. / No, I don't.	
Does	she it			Yes, you do. / No, you don't.	
				Yes, we do. / No, we don't.	
				Yes, they do. / No, they don't.	
				Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.	
				Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.	
				Yes, it does. / No, it doesn't.	

### ► Examples:

- I chat with my friends online before I go to bed.
- She takes karate courses at the weekends.
- He doesn't spend too much time at home on Sundays.
- A: Do you help your mum cook dinner after school?  
B: Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

### DICTIONARY

**cook dinner:** akşam yemeğini pişirmek  
**help:** yardım etmek

**spend time:** zaman geçirmek  
**take karate courses:** karate dersleri almak

## [ STATING PERSONAL OPINIONS ]

\* Kişisel fikirlerimizi belirtmek için kullandığımız bazı ifadeler vardır. Cümle başında kullanılan bu ifadelerden bazıları şunlardır:

- » I think ... (Bence / Bana göre ...)
- » In my opinion, ... (Benim fikrime göre / Bana göre ...)
- » To me / For me, ... (Bana göre / Bence ...)
- » According to me, ... (Bana göre ...)
- » From my point of view (Benim görüşüme göre / Bana göre ...)
- » In my view, ... (Benim açımdan / Fikrimce ...)
- » I believe ... (İnanıyorum ki ...)
- » I guess / I suppose ... (Sanırım ...)
- » If you ask me, ... (Bana sorarsan(ız) ...)
- » I don't think ... (Ben ... düşünmüyorum.)
- » Personally I think ... (Şahsen benim fikrim / Bence ...)
- » It seems to me that ... (Bana öyle geliyor ki ...)



## [ AGREEING WITH AN OPINION ]

\* Birinin kişisel fikrine katıldığımızı ifade ederken kullandığımız bazı kelime ve ifadeler şunlardır:

- » That's true. (Bu doğru.)
- » Yes, I agree. (Evet, katılıyorum.)
- » I agree with you. (Sana / Size katılıyorum.)
- » Of course. / Sure. (Tabii ki. / Elbette.)
- » Exactly. / Absolutely. / Definitely. / Certainly. (Kesinlikle.)
- » I think so. (Ben de öyle düşünüyorum.)
- » You're absolutely right. (Kesinlikle haklısın(ız).)
- » I agree with you entirely. (Sana / Size tamamen katılıyorum.)
- » So do I. (Ben de. / Ben de öyle.) (Olumlu anlamda kullanılır.)
- » Neither do I. (Ben de. / Ben de öyle.) (Olumsuz anlamda kullanılır.)
- » I don't think so either. (Ben de öyle düşünmüyorum.)
- » You are right. (Haklısın(ız).)
- » That's what I say. (Ben de bunu diyorum. / Seninle aynı fikirdeyim.)



## [ IMPERATIVES ]

- \* İngilizcede emir yapısı "The Simple Present Tense (Geniş Zaman)" ile kurulur. Emir cümleleri "sen (2. tekil şahıs)" ve "siz (2. çoğul şahıs)" öznelerine hitap eder ancak bu cümlelerde özne kullanılmaz.
- \* "Imperatives (Emir cümleleri)" yapısı bir tarif, talimat veya yönerge verirken sıkça kullanılır.
- \* Olumlu emir cümleleri fiilin yalın halinin cümle başına getirilmesiyle oluşturulur.

## ► Examples:

- Mash the potatoes when they are hot.
- Pour the water into a large saucepan.
- \* Olumlu emir cümlelerinin başına "do not (don't)" getirilerek olumsuz emir cümleleri elde edilir.

## ► Examples:

- After you take the egg from the fridge, don't put it directly in the boiling water.
- Don't use yeast for the dough of Italian style pizza.

## EXERCISE - 2

- \* Complete the sentences with the words given below.

Peel

Fold

Bake

Hold

Melt

Add

Soak

Put

Crack

Cut

- ..... all the ingredients in a large bowl.
- ..... the butter in a frying pan.
- ..... the rice in hot water before cooking.
- ..... three eggs into a bowl and then beat them.
- ..... the onions under running water before you chop them.
- ..... a teaspoon of salt into the mixture.
- ..... the omelette in half to melt the cheese.
- ..... the potatoes and chop them into small pieces.
- ..... the sandwich in half and serve it.
- ..... the bread to make a toasted sandwich.



## DICTIONARY

beat: çırpmaq

bowl: kase

bread: ekmek

dough: hamur

frying pan: kızartma tavası

hold: tutmaq

ingredient: malzeme

mixture: karışım

onion: soğan

rice: pirinç

salt: tuz

saucepan: tencere

serve: servis etmək

strainer: süzgeç

teaspoon: çay kaşığı

yeast: maya

[ STATING DECISIONS TAKEN AT THE TIME OF SPEAKING ]

\* Önceden planlanmamış, konuşma anında alınan kararlar için "The Future Tense (Gelecek Zaman)" yapısını kullanırsınız. Bu yapının kullanım şekilleri şöyledir:

**Affirmative Sentences (Olumlu Cümleler)**  
 Subject + will + Verb<sub>1</sub> + Object + Time expression.

**Negative Sentences (Olumsuz Cümleler)**  
 Subject + will not (won't) + Verb<sub>1</sub> + Object + Time expression.

**Question Sentences (Soru Cümleleri)**  
 Will + Subject + Verb<sub>1</sub> + Object + Time expression?

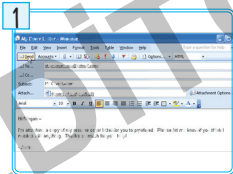
► **Examples:**

- I'll get back to you in an hour.
- We won't meet up at the cafe after school.
- Will she call you to inform about the details of the meeting?

**EXERCISE - 1**

\* Look at the pictures and fill in the blanks with the suitable words into the boxes.

- hang up   write   send   talk (x2)   dial   pick up   text   make



1 ..... an e-mail



2 ..... a number



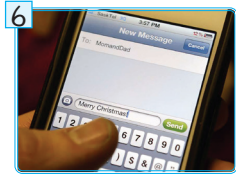
3 ..... the phone



4 ..... the phone



5 ..... on the phone



6 ..... a message



7 ..... a phone call



8 ..... a memo



9 ..... face to face



**Maggie** : I want to talk to you about an important problem, Brian.

**Brian** : (1) ..... We can log on to the Net and talk.

**Maggie** : (2) ..... I cannot connect to the Internet.

**Brian** : (3) .....

**Maggie** : There is a message on my desktop PC screen. It says "no connection to the Internet". Actually, you are good at using computer. (4) .....

**Brian** : OK. Well, do you use a cable modem or wireless modem?

**Maggie** : It's a wireless modem.

**Brian** : (5) .....

**Maggie** : Can you explain what it means?

**Brian** : (6) .....

**Maggie** : No, but I'll do it right now.

**Brian** : OK. (7) .....

**Maggie** : Let me look. Yes, there is.

**Brian** : Great. (8) .....

**Maggie** : OK. I have the connection. Thank you so much.

**Brian** : Not at all. See you later. Bye.

**Maggie** : Bye, Brian.

**DICTIONARY**

**actually:** aslında

**connection:** bağlantı

**Not at all.:** Bir şey değil.

**wireless modem:** kablosuz modem

## EXERCISE - 2

\* Look at the photos. Complete the phrases with the words in the boxes.

take

join

jump out of

do

ride

go

climb

go on

fly



1. .... bungee jumping in Australia

2. .... an elephant in the forest

3. .... a mountain in the Swiss Alps



4. .... a motorcycle tour on a mountainous road

5. .... a plane

6. .... rafting in the Black Sea Region



7. .... photographs of the whales in South Africa

8. .... in a hot air balloon over Cappadocia

9. .... a jeep safari in the desert

## DICTIONARY

climb: tırmanmak

desert: çöl

elephant: fil

fly: uçmak

forest: orman

go on: gitmek

hot air balloon: sıcak hava balonu

jump out of: bir yerden dışarı atlamak

mountainous road: dağlık yol

ride: binmek

whale: balina



**[ EXPRESSING PREFERENCES ]**

\* Tercihlerimizi ifade ederken "prefer" ve "would rather" fiillerini kullanınız. Cümle kurulumu ise şu şekildedir:

I	prefer	Noun Verb(-ing) Noun + to + Noun	I	would rather ( 'd rather)	Verb <sub>1</sub> + than + Verb <sub>1</sub>
You					
We					
They					
He	prefers	Verb(-ing) + to + Verb(-ing)	She	It	
She					
It					

**Examples:**

- He prefers trekking.
- They prefer climbing.
- I prefer canoeing to hang-gliding.
- She prefers going caving in Antalya to going scuba diving in Izmir.
- I would rather go on a jeep safari in the desert than ride an elephant in the forest.

**EXERCISE - 3**

\* Look at the table and put the words into the correct order to make meaningful sentences.

	hiking	rafting	motor racing	caving
Robert	☹	☺	☺	☺
Mandy	☺	☹	☹	☹
Ethan	☹	☺	☺	☹
Anna	☹	☺	☹	☺

- rafting / Robert / to / prefers / hiking / .  
.....
- Mandy / caving / would rather / hiking / than / go / .  
.....
- motor racing / caving / to / Ethan / prefers / .  
.....
- would rather / caving / go / Anna / hiking / than / .  
.....

## [ DESCRIBING PLACES ]

\* Bir yeri (ülke, şehir, vb.) tanımlarken kullanılan ortak kategoriler vardır. Bu kategoriler şunlardır:

- » Location (Konum, yer)
- » People (İnsan (nüfus, karakteristik özellikler, neler yaptıkları))
- » Climate (İklim)
- » Tourist attractions (Turistik yerler)
- » Accommodation (Konaklama)
- » Transportation (Ulaşım)
- » Traditional dishes (Geleneksel yemekler)

🌟 Read the text about New York below.

## NEW YORK

New York is located in the Northeastern United States. It is the most populous city in the United States. It has many nicknames such as “the City that Never Sleeps”, “the Center of the Universe” and “the Big Apple”. It takes thousands of visitors every year. The city has a population of around 8 million people. In New York, the climate is warm and temperate. It has a significant amount of rainfall during the year. There is a lot to see and do in New York. You can visit the Central Park, the Metropolitan Museum of Art and Times Square and the Statue of Liberty.



🌟 Read the dialogue between Ryan and Hailey below.

**Ryan:** Hi, Hailey. Good to see you. Where have you been hiding yourself?

**Hailey:** I went to Jamaica for my holiday.

**Ryan:** What do you think about Jamaica? Did you enjoy your trip?

**Hailey:** Yes, it was incredible. I had a wonderful time. Jamaica is the island of friendly smiling people, majestic green mountains, sandy beaches and crystal — clear blue and green waters of Caribbean. The weather is just perfect. In fact, Jamaica has a mild temperature the year around.

**Ryan:** Wow! That sounds great.

## DICTIONARY

**crystal—clear:** dupduru, billur gibi

**incredible:** inanılmaz

**located:** bulunmak, yer almak

**majestic mountains:** heybetli dağlar

**mild:** ılıman, hafif

**populous:** kalabalık nüfuslu

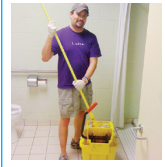
**sandy beach:** kumsal

**significant amount:** kayda değer meblağ, önemli tutar

**temperate:** ılıman, ılık

## EXERCISE - 1

\* Look at the pictures and then complete the sentences with the appropriate phrases.



1. Adam had a shower an hour ago and now everywhere is covered with bubbles. So, he ..... the bathroom floor.



2. Lindsay is a housewife and she has many tasks at home. One of them is ..... She usually does it at the weekends.



3. Margaret is a secondary school student and she always ..... before dinner to help her mom.



4. My favourite chore at home is ..... because the sound of this device makes me relaxed and takes when I feel stressed.



5. Today is Sunday, so it is our family's cleaning day. My mum does the laundry, my father mops the floor, and I .....

## [ EXPRESSING LIKES AND DISLIKES ]

\* Sevdiğimiz, yapmaktan keyif aldığımız şeyleri anlatırken "like", "love" ve "enjoy"; sevmediğimiz, yapmaktan hoşlanmadığımız şeylerden bahsederken ise "don't / doesn't like", "dislike" ve "hate" gibi fiilleri kullanırız.

\* Sevdiğimiz veya sevmediğimiz şeylerden bahsederken "The Simple Present Tense (Geniş Zaman)"i kullandığımız için bu fiillere de bu yapının kurallarını uygularız. Bu nedenle öznenin 3. tekil şahıs olduğu olumlu cümlelerde bu fiillere "-s" takısı ekleriz.

\* Bu fiillerden sonra isim veya fiil gelebilir. Gelen fiillere "-ing" takısı eklenir.

🎯 **Examples:**

- I like all my responsibilities at home.
- My brother, Martin enjoys outdoor chores very much.
- My sister doesn't like doing the ironing and washing the dishes at all.
- Aaron hates taking out the garbage, but he knows it is his task.

## [ DESCRIBING THE ACTIONS HAPPENING CURRENTLY ]

### THE PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

\* **"The Present Continuous Tense"** şimdiki zamanın İngilizcedeki karşılığıdır. Bu zaman kipinin kullanım şekilleri şöyledir:

		Affirmative Sentences (Olumlu Cümleler)	Negative Sentences (Olumsuz Cümleler)
I	am	Verb(–ing) + Object + Time expression. doing an experiment now. reading science magazines right now. watching science videos at the moment. examining cells under the microscope at the moment.	am not ( 'm not)
You	are		are not (aren't)
We	are		are not (aren't)
They	are		are not (aren't)
He	is		is not (isn't)
She	is		is not (isn't)
It	is		is not (isn't)

Interrogative Sentences (Soru Cümleleri)		
Am	I	Verb(–ing) + Object + Time expression?
Is	he she it	doing research by using a microscope in the library at the moment?
	you	putting a chemical substance it the test tube now?
Are	we they	trying to fix a problem on the space station right now?

Short Answers (Kısa Cevaplar)	
Yes, I am.	No, I am not.
he Yes, she is. it	he No, she isn't. it
you Yes, we are. they	you No, we aren't. they

- \* Bu zaman kipini konuşma anında gerçekleşen eylemleri ve olayları ifade ederken kullanırız.
- \* Geçici ve son zamanlarda gerçekleşen durumlardan ve olaylardan bahsederken de bu zaman kipini kullanırız.

#### Examples:

- My students are conducting an experiment on plant cells in the school science lab now.
- I'm doing some researches about my science project in the library at the moment.
- Steffanie is working on a science project with her classmates nowadays.

EXERCISE - 1

\* Look at the pictures. Write the natural forces and disasters under the correct pictures.



.....



.....



.....



.....



.....



.....

EXERCISE - 2

\* Choose the correct words / phrases in the box to complete the sentences.

- ➔ defense
- ➔ worth of damage
- ➔ took place
- ➔ occur
- ➔ rescued
- ➔ heavy rain
- ➔ deforestation
- ➔ drought

1. .... happens when we don't have enough rainfall and we waste too much water.
2. A huge earthquake ..... off the northwest coast of the Indonesian island of Sumatra in 2004.
3. The rate of the carbon dioxide in the atmosphere is increasing because of .....  
We should save forests for the future of the world.
4. Flooding is the most common natural disaster in the world and can ..... anywhere.
5. Guarding your windows is the best ..... against hurricanes according to some experts.
6. .... caused flooding in southern China last night. There are major traffic, electricity and telecommunication problems in the area.
7. An avalanche struck on Everest in the morning and after the disaster, climbers left Everest base camp. Climbers ..... 30 people under the snow.
8. An earthquake and a tsunami hit Chili in 2010. They caused 31 billion dollars'.....

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